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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
09/824,143	04/03/2001	Yoshiyuki Yasui	003510-089	8922
7	590 04/25/2003			
Platon N. Mandros BURNS, DOANE, SWECKER & MATHIS, L.L.P. P.O. Box 1404			EXAMINER	
			KING, BRADLEY T	
Alexandria, VA	andria, VA 22313-1404 ART UNIT PAPER			
			3683	
			DATE MAILED: 04/25/2003	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>		Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	•	09/824,143	YASUI ET AL.				
Office Action Summary		Examiner	Art Unit				
٠.		Bradley T King	3683				
	The MAILING DATE of this communication app	<u> </u>		-			
	for Reply						
THE - Ext afte - If th - If N - Fai - Any	HORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL' MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. Tensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1. Ter SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. The period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply to period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period value to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute or reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing med patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	36(a). In no event, however, may y within the statutory minimum of vill apply and will expire SIX (6) N , cause the application to become	y a reply be timely filed thirty (30) days will be considered timely. MONTHS from the mailing date of this communicate ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	tion.			
1)区	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 24 J	lanuary 2003 .					
2a) <u></u>	This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ Th	is action is non-final.					
3)□				s is			
Disposi	closed in accordance with the practice under tion of Claims	Ex parte Quayle, 1935	C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.				
4)⊠	Claim(s) $\underline{2-16}$ is/are pending in the application	ı .					
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw	wn from consideration.					
5)[Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)⊠	Claim(s) <u>2-16</u> is/are rejected.						
7)	Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
	Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	r election requirement.					
	tion Papers						
-	The specification is objected to by the Examine						
10)	The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ accept	•	•				
44)[Applicant may not request that any objection to the						
	The proposed drawing correction filed on		J disapproved by the Examiner.				
121	If approved, corrected drawings are required in rep	•					
	The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	ammer.					
	under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120		2.0.4404.3.433.45				
	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign	n priority under 35 U.S.	J. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).				
а) All b) Some * c) None of:						
	1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.						
	2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No						
*	3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior application from the International Bu See the attached detailed Office action for a list	reau (PCT Rule 17.2(a))).				
14)	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domesti	c priority under 35 U.S.	C. § 119(e) (to a provisional applica	ation).			
	 a) The translation of the foreign language pro Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domesti 						
Attachme		- p. 1211.y 211.dei 20 0.0	gg 122 2112 411				
2) 🔲 Not	ice of References Cited (PTO-892) ice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) rmation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s) 5	5) Notice	ew Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s) of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)	_•			

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

Claims 3-8, and 13-14 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

Claims 3-8 and 13-14 further recite "front wheels are reference wheels" or "rear wheels are objects of control" or similar limitations. It is unclear how many wheels are required. Note only one reference wheel has been previously recited.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 2-16 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Wakata et al (US#4836618) in view of Yamaguchi et al (EP 0 887 241).

Wakata et al discloses a brake force distribution control device having wheel speed means for detecting wheel speeds of respective wheels of a vehicle, control means for distributing braking forces to the respective wheels by controlling the brake

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force of each wheel, and the control means controls a braking torque of a wheel which is an object of control on the basis of a reference wheel (see column 10, lines 60 through column 11, line 5). Wakata et al lack the use of road surface mu slopes, instead using slip ratios. Yamaguchi et al teach the use of road surface mu slopes instead of slip ratios to compensate for different road surface conditions. Yamaguchi et al further teach the suitability of road surface mu slopes for set points in vehicle dynamic control systems (page 27, lines 40-45). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to utilize the road mu slopes taught by Yamaguchi et al in the system of Wakata et al to allow more accurate and appropriate control of the system, thereby increasing the safety, and stability of the vehicle.

Regarding claims 4 and 6-8, Wakata et al teach the change of apportioning in turns (figures 8a-8b). Wakata et al also discloses the maintaining, reducing or increasing of a wheel brake force to achieve the desired target.

Regarding claim 9, Wakata et al teach a brake operation detecting sensor Pm and computes a target brake force on the basis of Pm.

Regarding claims 11-14, see column 10, lines 60 through column 11, line 5. Also note figure 2a of Yamaguchi et al. Smaller slip ratios are indicative of higher road surface mu slopes.

Regarding claims 15-16, see figure 2a of Yamaguchi et al. Higher road surface mu slopes indicate a higher braking ability.

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Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 2-16 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Bradley T King whose telephone number is (703) 308-8346. The examiner can normally be reached on 11:00-7:30 M-F.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-1113.

BTK April 21, 2003

SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER
TECHNOLOGY CENTER 3600

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